

English Grammar – ‘it’

In English, every verb **must** have a **subject**. Many verbs also require an **object** (transitive verbs). If there isn't a natural subject or object, then we use the word "it".

1) The subject of a verb:

- **It** is raining.
- **It** is very hot today.
- **It** looks good.
- **It** was an interesting film.
- **It** always works.

2) The object of a transitive verb:

- I hate **it** when people use too much perfume.
- A: Do you like pizza? B: Yes, I like **it** very much.
- A: Where is the file? B: I deleted **it**.
- A: Did you get **it**? B: Yes, I got **it**.

3) Substitution (to avoid repetition) for an object or an animal:

- I have a big car. I keep **it** in the garage.
- I like your dog. **It** is so cute!

Exercise 1. The following sentences are incomplete. Add the word 'it' in the correct position:

1. Is important to learn English.

2. I love when people say "Thank you"!

3. What is?

4. I lost my wallet – did you see?

5. A: What time is? B: Is nine o'clock.

_____ (x 2)

6. A: Is true that you are a lawyer? B: Yes, is.

_____ (x 2)

Exercise 2. Translate the following sentences:

1. É muito importante aprender inglês.

2. A: É muito importante aprender inglês? B: Sim, é.

_____ (x 2)

3. Eu gosto quando está ensolarado.

_____ (x 2)

4. Eu gosto do meu carro, mas é um pouco velho.
