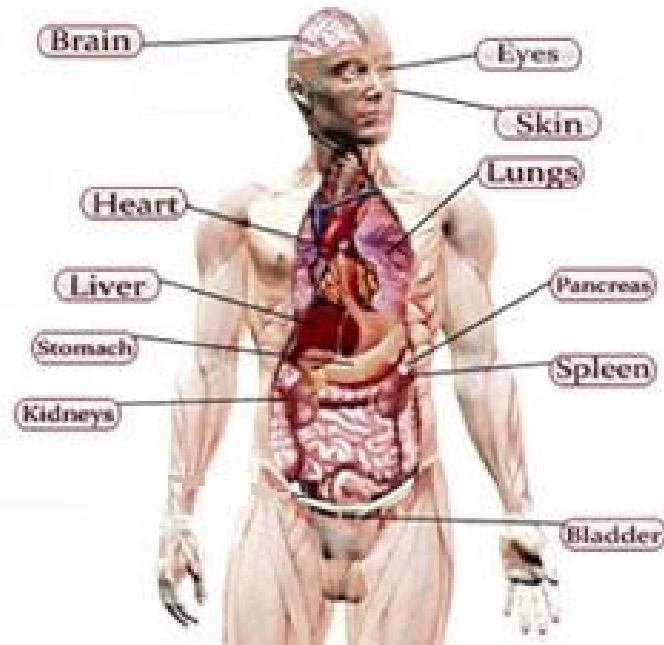


English Vocabulary – Organs of the Body



There are approximately 80 organs in the human body. The skin is the largest organ. The most important organ in the body is the brain, which is responsible for coordinating most actions of the body. Other important organs are:

Heart

This is the main organ of your body's circulatory system, pumping blood around the body. It is a “muscular pump” which contracts at regular intervals in order to push blood into the arteries.

Liver

The liver is the largest internal organ and it supports many other organs in the body. It is brown and rubbery. This vital organ is responsible for hundreds of chemical reactions that are necessary for your survival. The liver works 24/7 and performs over 500 functions that are vital to your well-being.

Stomach

The stomach physically and chemically digests your food. It also stores food, agitates it, breaks it down, kills microbes, secretes hormones and absorbs nutrients.

Kidneys

The kidneys receive about 25% of the blood pumped by the heart. They are a purification system for the body. Working 24/7, they perform many tasks, including purification of blood, removal of waste, regulation of homeostasis, maintenance of blood pressure, and secretion of enzymes and hormones.

Eyes

The eyes are organs which enable you to see. They also enable you to see colours (some animals cannot see colours). The eye is one of the most complex organs in the animal kingdom, and it took millions of years for evolution to create it.

Lungs

Lungs are the major organs of the respiratory system. They help you to obtain oxygen and expel carbon dioxide. The gaseous exchange takes place in the tiny air sacs. Blood absorbs the oxygen and delivers it to every cell in the body.

Pancreas

The pancreas secretes about 1200ml of pancreatic juice every day. It plays an important role in the digestive system. It looks like a tongue, and is about 14cm long.

Spleen

The spleen is the largest lymphatic organ in the body and is part of the immune system. It protects the body from the invasion of foreign organisms. The immune system helps identify external substances such as bacteria, viruses and toxins. Consequently, if the spleen doesn't work correctly, various diseases can develop, including arthritis, HIV and cancer.

Bladder

The bladder is one of the excretory organs of the body. It serves as a temporary storage for urine, before it is excreted from the body.

A complete list: <https://organsofthebody.com/>